

ANALIZA JAVNIH POLITIK

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Analiza javnih politik
Course title:	Public policy analysis
Članica nosilka/UL Member:	UL FU

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Skupni doktorski študijski program UPRAVLJANJE IN EKONOMIKA JAVNEGA SEKTORJA , tretja stopnja, za pridobitev doktorata znanosti	Ekonomski (modul)	2. letnik	Celoletni	obvezni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code:	0060715
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:	3007

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
20	20	0	0	20	90	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer:	Aleksander Aristovnik, Primož Pevcin
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Vrsta predmeta/Course type:	usmeritveni predmet/core
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Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Angleščina, Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:	Prerequisites:
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Splošni pogoji za vpis v program.	
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Vsebina:

1. Proces ekonomske analize in racionalna oblika analize javnih politik
2. Ekonomska analiza problema javnega sektorja
3. Razumevanje: ocena simptomov, zaznavanje in določitev problema (analiziranje pomanjkljivosti trga in vlade), modeliranje problema (identifikacija spremenljivk politik)
4. Ekonomska analiza rešitve in izbiranje evalvacijskih kriterijev (preoblikovati cilje, ki so stvarni in omejeni)
5. Določanje alternativnih politik in predvidevanje učinkov alternativnih politik in njihovo vrednotenje v smislu kriterijev

Content (Syllabus outline):

1. The process of economic analysis of policy and the rationalist mode of public policy analysis
2. Economic analysis of public sector problem
3. Understanding : assessing the symptoms, framing the problem (analyzing market and government failures), modeling the problem (identifying policy variables)
4. Economic analysis of solution and choosing evaluation criteria (converting goals to objectives and constraints)
5. Specifying policy alternatives and predicting impacts of alternatives and valuing them in terms of criteria

6. Analiza poročanja in ključni koncepti analize koristi – stroškov	6. Communicating analysis and key concepts for doing benefit-cost analyses
7. Določanje socialne diskontne stopnje, merjenje presežka potrošnika ob obstoju dohodkovnega učinka, ocenjevanje povpraševanja po netržnih dobrinah	7. Determining the social discount rate, measuring consumer surplus in the presence of income effects, estimating the demand for nonmarketed goods
8. Strategija sprejema in implementacije in dejavniki uspeha/neuspeha, strateško razmišljanje pri oblikovanju politik: negotovost, odprava napak, presežki in izgube, ocenjevanje, podpora rezultatu, soočanje z raznolikostjo	8. Strategies for adoption and implementation and factors affecting success and failure, thinking strategically about policy design: Uncertainty, error correction, redundancy and slack, anticipating evaluations, facilitating termination, coping with diversity

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

1. Frank Fischer (Editor), Gerald J. Miller (Editor), Mara S. Sidney (Editor), 2006, CRC; 1 edition; Handbook of Public Policy Analysis: Theory, Politics, and Methods (Public Administration and Public Policy) (poglavja 1–8 (122 str.)).
2. William K. Bellinger , 2007, The Economic Analysis of Public Policy Routledge; New edition edition (150 str.)
3. Stiglitz, J. E., & Rosengard, J. K. 2015, Economics of the public sector: WW Norton & Company (poglavja 1, 4, 10, 11) (150 str.)
4. Mandler, M. (2024). Economics without Preferences: Microeconomics and Policymaking Beyond the Maximizing Individual. Cambridge University Press. (del 2, 100 strani)

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji: • študent spozna temeljne značilnosti in delovanje izbranih javnih politik, • študent z ekonomskega vidika analizira pomembnost različnih modelov javnih politik, • študent razume in uporabi ekonomske in druge kriterije ocenjevanja javnih politik, • študent je spodbujen h kreiranju zahtevnih idej ter kritičnemu in ustvarjalnemu razmišljanju pri oblikovanju in izvajanju javnih politike različnih držav. Kompetence: • študent pridobi sposobnost razumevanja osnovnih značilnosti posameznih področij javnih politik, • študent pridobi sposobnost določitve bistvenih elementov za ekonomsko analizo javnih politik, • študent osvoji uporabo analize stroškov in koristi na konkretnih primerih javnih politik, • študent pridobi sposobnost uporabe ekonomske analize za pripravo ukrepov na različnih področjih javnih politik.
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Objectives and competences:

The aims: • Student understands the fundamental characteristics and performance of selected public policies, • Student analyzes the importance of the various economic models of public policies, • student understands and applies assessment criteria of public policy, • student is encouraged to create complex ideas and critical/creative thinking in the design and implementation of public policies of different countries. Competencies: • Student gains the ability to understand the basic characteristics of individual areas of public policy, • Student gains the ability to define the essential elements for the economic analysis of public policies, • Student will be able to understand cost-benefit analysis on concrete examples of public policies, • Student gains the ability to use the economic analysis for the preparation of measures in various areas of public policy.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Študent bo razumel delovanje javnih politik v realnem svetu in potrebne prilagoditve pri njihovem ekonomskem analiziranju. Študent bo sposoben opredeliti in kritično analizirati probleme javnih politik in izbrati ustrezne metode ter tehnike za njihovo ekonomsko analizo, vrednotenje alternativnih
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Intended learning outcomes:

Student will understand real-world policymaking and how it accommodates policy economic analysis. He/she will be able to define and critically analyze policy issues and problems, choose the relevant methods and techniques for economic analysis of policy, evaluate alternative policy solutions and assess

rešitev in oceno koristi/stroškov izvajanja. Študent je sposoben tudi samostojnega in kompleksnega študija, zna povezovati svoje znanje in razumevanje in pridobljeno znanje posredovati drugim. Sposoben je znanstveno obdelati določeno znanstveno vprašanje oziroma problem in je usposobljen za nadaljevanje samostojnega študija in strokovnega izpopolnjevanja.	the means and costs of implementation. Student is also capable of complex study, linking his/her knowledge and understanding, and is also able to transfer knowledge to others. He/she is able to scientifically handle of particular scientific issue/problem and is qualified to continue further independent study and professional development.
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Metode poučevanja in učenja:	Learning and teaching methods:
1. Predmet bo sestavljen iz predavanj in seminarjev ter individualnega študijskega dela in raziskovanja. 2. Predavanja – predavajo se izbrane teme, ki se določijo posebej glede na razvoj teorije in praktičnih primerov. 3. Seminarske vaje – na seminarskih vajah študentje predstavijo vsebino individualne ali skupinske seminarske naloge. 4. Individualni študij.	1. Lectures. 2. Seminar work. 3. Case study. 4. Research work, demonstration, individual working, group working.

Načini ocenjevanja:	Delež/Weight	Assessment:
Aktivno sodelovanja na predavanjih in seminarjih	20,00 %	Active participation on class discussions
Seminarska naloga na izbrano razpisano temo	30,00 %	Seminar work on one of several specified topics
Pisni izpit na koncu študijskega procesa	50,00 %	An in class comprehensive final examination taken during the last class period.

Ocenjevalna lestvica:	Grading system:
opravi z odliko/opravi/ni opravi	passed with distinction/passed/failed

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

1. ARISTOVNIK, Aleksander, MEZE, Matevž. The impact of supranational fiscal rules on public finance : the case of EMU member states. <i>Global business & economics review. a publication of the Business & Economics Society International</i>, ISSN 1097-4954, 2017, vol. 19, no. 1, str. 38-53, tabele. [COBISS.SI-ID 4972206] 2. ARISTOVNIK, Aleksander, OBADIĆ, Alka. The impact and efficiency of public administration excellence on fostering SMEs in EU countries. <i>Amfiteatru economic</i>, ISSN 1582-9146, 2015, vol. 17, no. 39, str. 761-774, graf. prikazi. http://www.amfiteatruconomic.ro/ArticolEN.aspx?CodArticol=2423. [COBISS.SI-ID 4562862] 3. KOVAČ, Polonca, PEVCIN, Primož. Slovene public administration reforms : Europeanization as a bridge over traditional and post-socialist legacies. V: KOVAČ, Polonca (ur.), BILEIŠIS, Mantas (ur.). Public administration reforms in Eastern European Union member states : post-accession convergence and divergence. Ljubljana: Faculty of Administration; Vilnius: Mykolas Romeris University. 2017, str. 302-338. http://baltic-new.pdn.ipublishcentral.com/reader/public-administration-reforms-in-eastern-european-union-member-states-postaccession-convergence-divergence/30 [COBISS.SI-ID 5042862] 4. MENCINGER, Jernej, ARISTOVNIK, Aleksander, VERBIČ, Miroslav. Asymmetric effects of fiscal policy in EU and OECD countries. <i>Economic Modelling</i>, ISSN 0264-9993. [Print ed.], Feb. 2017, vol. 61, str. 448-461, ilustr., doi: 10.1016/j.econmod.2016.12.023. [COBISS.SI-ID 4993198] 5. RAVŠELJ, Dejan, ARISTOVNIK, Aleksander. The impact of private R&D expenditures and tax incentives on sustainable corporate growth in selected OECD countries. <i>Sustainability</i>, ISSN 2071-1050, 2018, vol. 10, issue 7, str. 1-16, ilustr., doi: 10.3390/su10072304. [COBISS.SI-ID 5206958]

6. Mills, D., Pudney, S., Pevcin, P. in Dvorak, J. (2022). Evidence-based public policy decision-making in smart cities: does extant theory support achievement of city sustainability objectives?. *Sustainability*, 14(1), 1-23.
7. Rijavec, D., Štambuk, A. in Pevcin, P. (2021). Evidence-based assessment of readiness to solve wicked problems: the case of migration crisis in Croatia and Slovenia. *Social Sciences*, 10(6), 1-16.
8. Petkovšek, V., Hrovatin, N. in Pevcin, P. (2023). Reorganising local public utilities: where and why we can argue for the remunicipalization trends?. *NISPAcee journal of public administration and policy*, 16(2), 122-14
9. Stankovic, J. J., Marjanovic, I., Drezgic, S., Popovic, Z. (2021). The Digital Competitiveness of European Countries: A Multiple-Criteria Approach. *Journal of Competitiveness*, 13(2), 117–134.
<<https://doi.org/10.7441/joc.20202.07>> <https://doi.org/10.7441/joc.2021.02.07>
10. Juričić, Damir; Vašiček, Davor; Drezgić, Saša: Multiple criteria decision analysis of public investment options: application to streetlighting renewal projects // *Ekonomika istraživanja*, 33 (2020), 1; 3288-3306 doi:10.1080/1331677X.2020.1763820
11. Deskar Škrbić Milan; Drezgić, Saša; Šimović, Hrvoje. Tax policy and labour market in Croatia: effects on tax wedge on employment// *Ekonomika istraživanja*. 31 (2018), 1, 12128-1227
12. Drezgić, Saša; Grdinić, Maja; Blažić, Helena. Impact of Local Government Revenue Structure on Income Growth and Employment in Croatia// *Lex localis*. 16 (2018), 2, 395-411
13. Grdinić, Maja; Drezgić, Saša; Blažić, Helena. An Empirical Analysis of the Relationship between Tax Structures and Economic Growth in CEE Countries. // *Ekonomický časopis*. 65 (2017) , 5; 426-447